Numb. 375.

THE Pennſylvania GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.

From February 5. to February 11. 1735,6.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 29.

On the 28th Inſtant arrived here the Ship King George, Capt. Hood from Briſtol, who left that Port the 17th of Nov. and Milford the 11th of Decemb. by whom we have the following News, viz.

Whitehall Evening Poſt, *Lond. Nov.* 4.

THEY write from Hamburg that the Deputies of that City had had the good Fortune to ſettle with the King of Denmark the Affair of their Bank, which had ſo greatly diſguſted him; and that an entire Accommodation of their other Differences was as good as concluded by the friendly Offices of the Britiſh Miniſter at Copenhagen.

Nov. 4. Yeſterday arrived the important Advice from France, that the Emperor, and the Powers in Alliance againſt him, having at the Inſtance of the King of Great Britain, agreed to hold a Congreſs at Aix la Chapelle, upon Preliminaries varying in no Eſſentials from the Plan preſented laſt Year by the Maritime Powers, a Suſpenſion of Arms was declared at Verſailles on Thurſday laſt (his Britannick Majeſty's Birth-Day) but Couriers had been diſpatched with it to Marſhal Coigny at Treves, and Marſhal Noailles in Italy, ſeveral Days before.

Count Seckendorff's Expedition to the Moſelle, and the Diſinclination which Marſhal Coigny ſhew'd to come to a Battle, had ſo diſpirited the People at *Paris*, and fill'd them with Apprehenſions of ſome fatal Event, that the News of the Suſpenſion of Arms threw them into an inconceivable Joy, and their Actions (Stocks) roſe in two Days upwards of a 100.

The Expreſs which came from the Emperor to Count Seckendorff, with Orders on this head, arrived at his Camp the 3d Inſtant, N. S. at night, and the next day, being the Emperor's Name Day, the Imperial Army decamped from their Poſts near Treves, to the great Joy and Amazement of the French, who did not receive the Suſpenſion of Arms in their Camp till the fifth, when Marſhal Coigny caus'd it to be immediately publiſhed at the Head of his Army.

The Imperialiſts are now on their March to take Winter Quarters in the Netherlands, and the Princes of the Blood on their Return to Paris; the latter from a Situation equally diſhonourable and dangerous, as appears from their twice flying the Enemy after a Campaign of ſeveral Months ſpent in praying for Opportunities, which they declined when preſented: And 'tis certain, that Count Seckendorff having the Day before he received his Orders to retire, poſſeſſed himſelf of a Poſt which commanded the City of Treves, and within Muſket Shot of the Enemy's advanced Guard, Marſhal Coigny ſent him Word in a Fright, That if he offer'd to throw a ſingle Shot into the Town, he would inſtantly ſet his Soldiers to plunder the Inhabitants, and afterwards fire the Place, and abandon the Ruins to him if he liked them.

'Tis impoſſible to ſay what might have been the Iſſue of ſuch an important Criſis, tho' it ſeemed in Favour of the Imperialiſts; and what Bravery would do might be undoubtedly promiſed from an Army who had gained the advantageous Poſt they poſſeſſed, by paſſing a Spot in the Face of the Enemy, and expoſed to the Fire of their Cannon, which at firſt killed no inconſiderable Number of Men, till Count Seckendorff had erected a Battery to ſilence them, and by the Employment he gave them that Way, found Means to get over the reſt of his Men and heavy Baggage.

In the Night of the ſecond Inſt. N. S. the Imperial Engineers croſſed the Moſelle in a Boat, to ſurvey the Ground about Treves, and returned ſafe with all the Information they wanted.

Whitehall Evening Poſt, *Nov.* 6.

Yeſterday arrived a Mail from France.

The People at Paris *continue in an Extacy on Account of the Suſpenſion of Arms, which came at ſo ſeaſonable a Juncture, that probably moſt of the French Army owe their Lives it, there being ſo great a want of Neceſſaries in their Camp, that the Day before Count* Seckendorff *received No-*

tice

tion of it, Marſhal Coigny *ſent him back near 200 Priſoners, who being ſick or wounded could not with any Convenience be ſubſiſted any longer, and the Marſhal had Generoſity enough not to put them to Death, or let them die for want of Neceſſaries.*

Count Seckendorff *having changed his Quarters on the 4th Inſtant, the* French *thought him retired, particularly as no Hoſtilities were that Day committed; but his Excellency continued on the Spot, and tho' he had received the Suſpenſion of Arms, he declared it no otherwiſe than by the Silence of his Cannon.*

On the 5th, Marſhal Coigny *received his Diſpatches, and the next Morning ſent to communicate them to Count* Seckendorff, *who then acknowledged the Orders he had received, and immediately the General Officers of the two Armies paid Viſits to each other, and the French Camp was the greateſt Scene of Joy ever ſeen. To add to which, the Fogg which had been ſo violent for ſome Days before, that neither Army had beheld Heaven, Earth or Water, cleared off on a ſudden, and the Sun broke out in its full Luſtre.*

The two Armies are now in Contention which ſhall ſhew the other the greateſt Civilities, waiting Orders for their Winter Quarters, which are to be ſettled to their mutual Satisfaction.

From the General Evening Poſt, *Nov.* 8.

We may expect different Accounts of the preliminary Articles for a general Pacification, till the ſame ſhall be publiſhed by proper Authority; but the Matter is of ſuch Importance, that we think we ought not to omit any thing tolerably warranted; ſuch we may reckon the following, which comes from a Perſon of good Intelligence.

Nancy, Nov. 7. They give us here for the Articles of the Armiſtice, ſigned at Vienna, the 20th of October, 1735, as follows.

I. That Don Carlos remain peaceable Poſſeſſor of the Kingdoms of Naples and Sicily.

II. That the Emperor ſhall have a Part of the Milaneſe, with Parma, Placentia, and Mantua.

III. After the Death of the Grand Duke, Tuſcany to fall to the Houſe of Lorrain, of which the Princes ſhall ſucceed according to their Degree; that if the Duke of Lorrain become Emperor, Tuſcany, in that Caſe, ſhould devolve to the younger Brother, in ſuch a Manner as not to be poſſeſſed by one or other at the ſame Time; for this Effect Tuſcany and Parma ſhall be declared Feminine Fiefs of the Empire.

IV. France ſhall enter into the Poſſeſſion of the Barrois, of which ſhe ſhall have the Propriety after the Death of the Grand Duke of Tuſcany. France to have Lorrain as ſoon as the Houſe of Lorrain ſhall enter into the Poſſeſſion of Tuſcany.

V. The King of Sardinia to have the Vigenivaſco, and the Tortoneſe, and the Novareſe.

VI. King Staniſlaus to keep the Title of King, and the free Poſſeſſion of his Eſtates in Poland.

VII. The Elector of Saxony ſhall be acknowledged King of Poland.

VIII. Whatever may interrupt the Peace, ſhall be regulated in the Congreſs: The Rights of the Houſe of Bavaria ſhall be diſcuſſed there, and Juſtice be done him: The Succeſſion of the Dutchies of Juliers and Bergue, ſhall be alſo regulated there.

IX. France and the King of Sardinia ſhall guarantee the Emperor's Pragmatick Sanction, the Manner of which ſhall be there regulated.

X. The Congreſs ſhall be at the Hague, or at Aix la Chappelle.

London, Nov. 2. The *French* to wipe off the Aſperſions of their late Cowardize, aſſign two reaſons for their having declined a Battle at *Clauſoir, viz. 1ſt.* That the Imperialiſts were ſo ſtrongly intrenched and ſurrounded with Woods and Defiles, that 20,000 Men ſo poſted, might bid defiance to 500,000. *2dly*, That in order to come at the Enemy it was neceſſary to lay ſeveral Bridges over the Salur, and afterwards go over a large Tract of fenny and miry Ground, in which both Men and Horſes would be up to their knees. But now Monſieur has no Excuſe, ſince Count Seckendorff not only quitted his ſtrong Camp, but advanced up to their very Teeth.

According to ſome late Circumſtances, the Proſpect of Peace ſeems to vaniſh, eſpecially if it be true what is writ from Paris, That France is ſo far from giving up Poland, that on the contrary a late Treaty has been concluded between M. Ozarenski, the Poliſh Miniſter, and M. Chavelin, the Keeper of the Seals, who being furniſhed with Powers, have renewed all the former Engagements entred into in favour of K. Staniſlaus; and 'tis aſſured, that the Kings of Spain and Sardinia are contracting Parties in ſaid Treaty. 'Tis true, the Allies have agreed to a general Congreſs, which 'tis ſaid, will be held at *Aix la Chappelle* [*an Imperial free City in Germany*] in *January* next, when the Armies cannot longer keep the Field, but the Terms, 'tis tho't, will be ſo imperious, they can't be agreed to, unleſs it be to the manifeſt Ruin of the Ballance of Power and Liberties of Europe. We may therefore expect to ſee the Fields cover'd with Armies, when the Weather permits, in Germany, Flanders, Italy, and perhaps in ſome other Countries not now thought of.

We hear that his Highneſs the Prince of Modena, is come to London to ſolicit his Majeſty's good Offices with the allied Powers, for the Reſtitution of his Father's Dominions, which are at preſent poſſeſſed by the French, and threatned with Sequeſtration, for his Attachment to the Emperor.

Nov. 8. We learn from Vienna, that the Emperor was determined to provide this Winter for appearing early next Spring in Italy to relive Mantua, in caſe the Negociations for a general Peace have not the expected Succeſs.

The Right Hon. the Lord Granard is declared by his Majeſty, Governor of Barbadoes, in the room of the Lord Howe, deceaſed.

London,

London, Novemb. 8. On Tuesday Night last his Majesty set out from Hanover, and arrived at Helvoetsluys on Friday Night; on Saturday Morning he embarked on board a Yacht, and landed at Harwich early on Sunday Morning: When his Majesty arrived at Whitechappel, the great Guns of the Tower were discharged; he went thro' the City in an open Chariot, with the Marquis de la Foret, Great Chamberlain to his Majesty as Elector of Hanover, and was received with great Acclamations of Joy. About Three his Majesty was at St. James's, when he was saluted by the Guns of the Park, and soon after arrived at Kensington in a good State of Health, to the great Joy and Satisfaction of her Majesty, the Royal Family, and the whole Court. His Majesty had with him but few Guards, and seemed mightily pleased with the Huzza's of the People.

On Friday last, when the Lord Mayor and Court of Aldermen waited on his Majesty, to congratulate him on his safe Arrival, they were introduced by his Grace the Duke of Grafton, Lord Chamberlain of his Majesty's Houshold; and Mr. Baron Thompson, the Recorder, made their Compliments in the following Speech.

May it please your Majesty,

'THE Lord Mayor and Court of Aldermen of the City of *London*, most humbly intreat your Majesty's Permission to congratulate your Majesty on your safe Arrival in *Great Britain*.

'These and all your Majesty's Subjects have Reason to rejoice for the Return and Welfare of a most gracious Prince, who protects them in the full Enjoyment of all their Rights and Liberties, whose Life is employed in promoting their Happiness, and who is in Reality the Father of his People.

'When they reflect on your Majesty's assiduous Cares and earnest Endeavours for averting the Calamities of War, and for quieting the disturbed Scene of Affairs abroad: When they consider, that whilst these Misfortunes attended other Nations, your Majesty's Subjects have enjoyed with Freedom, their Trade and Commerce, and all the Advantages of Peace; it gives them a just Sense of your Wisdom and Conduct, and they have a firm Reliance on your Majesty's future Care and Vigilance, that You will do every thing requisite on your Part, for securing those Blessings to your own People, and for restoring the Tranquility of *Europe*.

'These your Majesty's most faithful and loyal Subjects beg Leave to assure your Majesty of their inviolable Attachment to your Royal Person, of the most zealous Endeavours in their Sphere for the Support of your Majesty's Government, that your Reign may be easy and happy, whilst your Majesty is making their Welfare and the Good of Mankind the Means of establishing your own Honour and Glory.

To which his Majesty was pleased to return this most gracious Answer.

'I Thank you for the Duty and Loyalty which you have expressed to me upon this Occasion; and you may always depend upon my utmost Endeavours to advance and promote the Wealth, Trade and Prosperity of this great and flourishing City.

They all had the Honour to kiss his Majesty's Hand; and his Majesty was pleased to confer the Honour of Knighthood on John Salter, Esq; Alderman, and Robert Godschall, Esq; Alderman, one of the present Sheriffs.

They were afterwards introduced to her Majesty, by the Right Honourable the Lord Robert Montague, Vice-Chamberlain to her Majesty; and Mr. Baron Thompson made their Compliments to her Majesty, as followeth;

May it please your Majesty,

THE Lord Mayor and Court of Aldermen of the City of *London*, most humbly beg Leave to congratulate your Majesty on the safe Arrival of the King our most gracious Sovereign.

'Your Majesty's most tender Concern for the Happiness of all his Majesty's People, has been apparent on many Occasions, more especially by your Majesty's mild and prudent Administration of Affairs during his Majesty's Absence.

'As these his Majesty's most faithful Subjects are truly sensible of the many happy Effects of your Majesty's Wisdom and Goodness; as they cannot but observe with the highest Satisfaction, so illustrious an Example for encouraging Religion and Virtue, and for Promoting every 'thing that is good and commendable; it creates in them 'a Veneration for your Royal Person, a dutiful and grate-'ful Sense of all your Majesty's indulgent Care for their 'Welfare. And they beg Leave to tender their most hum-'ble Acknowledgement, their sincere and most hearty 'Wishes for your Majesty's Health and long Life; and to 'assure your Majesty, that they shall always think themselves 'under the highest Obligations to do the utmost in their 'Power for promoting the Happiness and Prosperity of 'your Majesty and all your Royal Family.

To which her Majesty was pleased to return a most gracious Answer; and they all had the Honour to kiss her Majesty's Hand.

New-York, Feb. 2. *In a Letter from London, of the 8th of November* 1735, *from Messrs. Stork and Gainsborough, to Mr. Robert Livingston, Merchant of this City, is the following Paragraph,*

'*Last Night the Affair of Col. Morris with your 'Governor came on before the Committee of Council, 'when the Lords gave it as their Opinion that the 'Governor's Reasons for Removing him, were not 'sufficient; so suppose his Majesty will restore him.*

Merchants at Bristol write, that it was the current Opinion there would be a general Peace in Europe.

That a War between the Turks and Russians was inevitable, and that the Czarina had sent an Army to besiege Asoph.

Kouli Kan has made a Conquest of all Georgia and will not make Peace with the Turks, until all the Conquests made by the Turks from the Persians be restored.

That the young Count Nassau, and several German Officers of Distinction, were kill'd in an Action (of which we have no Particulars) and Lord Primrose dangerously wounded.

The Fleet at Spithead were ordered to separate, and that at Lisbon retalled Home.

Custom House, New-York, Feb. 2. *Entred In.*

Harris from Jamaica, Hood from Bristol. *Entred out.* Parker for Jamaica, Griffith for St. Christophers, Smith for Coracoa, Vatar and Cross for Lisbon, Hunter for Antigua.

Cleared. Parker and Keirstead to Jamaica, Graham to Lisbon, Skinner to Gibraltar, Kip to S. Carolina, Smith to N. Providence, Griffith to St. Christophers.

PHILADELPHIA, *February* 11.

Last Week died here, *Henry Brooke*, Esq; Collector of his Majesty's Customs for the Port of *Lewes-Town*; and sometime Speaker of the Assembly in the Lower-Counties.

And on Sunday last, Mrs. *Sarah Knowles*, a Preacher among Friends, was taken suddenly ill in the Meeting, and being carried Home expired in a few Hours.

Boston, Jan. 15. We hear from *Newbury-Falls*, that Mr Boynton has buried another Child, which is the seventh, of the Distemper that has prevail'd there, and in the neighbouring Towns.

Custom-House, Philadelphia, *Entred in.*

Snow Langhorne, James Oswald, from Antigua.

Sloop Speedwell, Thomas Child, from Rhode-Island.

Entred Out.

Brigt. Hampshire, George Bordman, for Lisbon.

Ship Amity, Robert Beeby, for Antigua.

Cleared.

Sloop Deborah, Martin Ball, to Antigua.

Brigt. Hampshire, George Bordman, to Ireland.

Ship Priscilla, John Hutchinson, to Barbadoes.

AT the House of *William Dering* in *Mulberry-Street*, is taught Reading, Writing, Dancing, Plain Work, Marking, Embroidery, and several other Works: Where likewise young Ladies and Gentlemen may be instructed in the French.

AT the House of *Hermanus Alrichs* in Second-Street, Philadelphia, is taught the FRENCH LANGUAGE, in an easy and expeditious Method, by a Person who makes it his Business.

Pennſylva-nia, ſſ. THE Proprietaries, from the ſeveral Notices given to the Inhabitants of this Province, for the Payment of their Arrears of Quitrent, fully expected they ſhould not have been laid under a Neceſſity of urging the Tenants by any further Publication, to do what is ſo indiſpenſably their Duty, and that by which they hold their Eſtates. But as theſe Expectations, founded on Juſtice and the good Opinion they had conceived of the People's Integrity, have not been anſwered, they hereby order further Notice to be given, That the Subſcriber, their Receiver-General, is appointed to attend at his Office in *Philadelphia*, to receive the Arrears and Rents due for the City and County of *Philadelphia*, from the 20th Day of the Month of *February*, to the 13th Day of *March* next enſuing. At *Cheſter* for receiving thoſe of that County, from the 18th to the 25th Day of the ſame Month, and at *Penſbury* in the County of *Bucks*; from the 29th of the ſaid Month of *March*, to the 3d Day of the Month of *April* next following, for receiving thoſe of that County. And alſo that Attendance will be given at the Town of *Lancaſter*, for the County of *Lancaſter*, from the 26th to the 31ſt of the Month of *March* aforeſaid, for receiving the Arrears of Quit-Rents due there. At which reſpective Places and Times, all Perſons in Arrears are required to come and pay the ſame; and if any ſhall fail to appear and make Payment, according to their reſpective Tenures, or in current Money of this Province, as the ſame is now, or ſhall then be received in Exchange for Sterling Money of *Great Britain*; ſuch Methods will be purſued as muſt be attended with Charges, which the Proprietaries by their long Forbearance, hoped the Inhabitants would by complying with their Duty have prevented.

Philad. Dec. 24. 1735. J. STEEL, *Rec. Gen.*

Pennſylva-nia, ſſ. WHEREAS it was propoſed, that the Lottery for the Sale of *One Hundred Thouſand* Acres of Land in this Province, ſhould be Drawn ſome time [in *December* or *January* laſt: This is to give Notice, that upon the Repreſentation of ſeveral Perſons who correſpond to the *Weſt-Indies*, the Proprietors have conſented, that the Drawing thereof ſhall be deferr'd 'till the Month of *Auguſt* next, and no longer; that all ſuch Perſons there as deſign to become Adventurers, may receive timely Advice, to make their Remittances for that purpoſe.

PATRICK BAIRD, *One of the Managers.*

THIS is to certify, that I *Robert Jeſſon*, late Merchant of *Philadelphia*, having been afflicted with a DROPSEY, inſomuch that my Life was deſpaired of, am now effectualy cured by an Elixir which Mr. *Edward Jones* of this City, *Gent.* has the Secret of making.

In Gratitude for the Favour, and for the Benefit of Mankind, I make this Publick; by which, all under the ſame Misfortune may know where to apply *Robert Jeſſon.*

ALL Perſons indebted to *Matthias Aſpden*, are deſired to come and pay their reſpective Ballances, he deſigning to go for *England* in about two Months time.

N. B. There is to be ſold by the ſaid *Aſpdeen*, at his Houſe in *Market Street*, double refin'd Sugar, muſcovado Sugar, ſuperfine Men's and Women's Hoſe, white and ſtriped Flannels ſeven eighths wide Garlicks, Calimancoes, cloth Searges, Pins, pound Silks and ſundry Sorts of other Goods, at reaſonable Rates. *Philad. Feb.* 5. 1735,6.

To be LETT.

A Store 50 Foot in length 36 in breadth, two Story high, near the Pennypot Houſes; likewiſe Rooms to be Let, by *William Rakeſtraw*. At the ſame Place is ſold Hair-Cloth for Matting and Preſſing Cyder; alſo Cheſtnut Poſts, by *William Rakeſtraw.*

THE Subſcriber hereof, having had one of his Family effectually cured of the Dropſey, by an Elixir, which *Edward Jones* of this City, Gent. has the Secret of making; in Gratitude for the Favour receiv'd from Mr. *Jones*, he makes this publick Acknowledgment of it, by which means alſo others may know where to apply for Help in the like Caſe. *Nicholas Reddiſh.*

To be LET, on Leaſe or Ground-Rent, By *RALPH ASSHETON*,

TWenty three Lots of Land, ſituate about two Miles from the City of *Philadelphia*, on the High Roads to *Coneſtogoe*, *Merion* and *Haverford*, ſome of them Wood Land, and others about half Cleared; commodious for Tradeſmen and Husbandmen. And to incourage and promote the Settlement of the ſaid Lots, ſuch Perſons as are inclined to Settle, ſhall have two Years at the beginning of their Term Rent-Free, and be provided with Stone, Timber, Lime, Boards, and Scantling for Building a Houſe, and one Hundred Grafted Apple Trees of good Fruit for an Orchard, and Free Ferriage, (Carriages and Cattle excepted)

Draughts of the ſaid Lots are to be ſeen at the Houſes of *Owen Owen*, *Thomas Dunning*, and *James Bambridge* in the City of *Philadelphia*, of *David Cowpland* and *John Weſt* of *Cheſter*, of *Joſeph Burleigh* at *Briſtol*, and alſo at the Three lower Ferries on *Schuylkill*.

There is to be ſold at ſaid *Ralph Aſheton*'s Ferry, good Stone for Building, and Stone ſuitable for Steps and Cellar Doors; which will be deliver'd to the Purchaſer, either at the City of *Philadelphia*, or at the Landing near the ſaid Ferry.

STRAY'D away from *Thomas Stevenſon* at the Falls Ferry, *Schuylkil*, about 3 Months ago, ſeveral Horſes and one Mare; viz. one Horſe is a dark roan or griſel, of a middling ſize, branded with I H on the near Shoulder and A on the near Thigh; the other is a black Horſe of a middling ſize, branded with H F and T⁴S; the Mare is a Bay of a ſmall ſize and hip-ſhott; ſhe paces a little, branded with T⁴S on the near Shoulder. Alſo one black Horſe with a Star in the Forehead and a Snip on the Noſe, branded with PN on the near Shoulder. Whoever will take them or any of them, and bring them to *Thomas Stevenſon* at ſaid Ferry, or *John Stevenſon* in *Bethlehem* in *Hunterdon* County, *Weſt-Jerſey*, ſhall be well paid for their Trouble and Care, by me, *Thomas Stevenſon.*

NOTICE is hereby given to all Perſons, that are indebted or have any Accounts to ſettle with *Sarah Griſcom*, of the City of *Philadelphia*, with all ſpeed to get their Accounts ready, and to bring them in; or they may expect to be uſed, as the Law directs in ſuch Caſes.

N. B. Any Perſon may be furniſh'd with Stays of different Sorts, at very reaſonable Rates, and Cyder by the the Barrel or larger Quantity, by the ſaid *Sarah Griſcom.*

Philadelphia, Jan. 2. 1735-6.

WHEREAS Sundry Notices and Advertiſements, have from time to time been publiſhed, requiring the Debtors to the Eſtate of *John Roberts*, deceaſed, to make ſpeedy Payments to the Perſons duly Authorized to receive the ſame; Notwithſtanding which many of the ſaid Debtors have neglected to make Payment. This is therefore once more to give Notice to, and require the Debtors to the ſaid Eſtate, forthwith to repair to Mr. *John Danby* in *Third-ſtreet Philadelphia*, or to *Rowland Roberts* of *North-Wales* (who are duly Deputed and Authorized by Mr. *John White*, Executor, &c. to Collect and receive the Debts aforeſaid) and make due Payment, or they may expect the Proceſs of Law preſcribed againſt ſuch Delinquents.

AT the Houſe of *George Brownell* in *Second Street*, (formerly the Houſe of Mr. *John Knight*, deceas'd) is taught, Reading, Writing, Cyphering, Dancing, Plain-work, Marking, with Variety of Needle-work. Where alſo Scholars may board.

N. B. At the ſame Place is to be ſold a new one-Horſe Chaiſe, alſo dry Fiſh, Mackrel, Glew, cut Whale-bone, *Rhode-Iſland* Cheeſe, Onions, Cedar Buckets, Raiſins, Currans, Iron Potts, Kettles, Primers, Pſalters, Teſtaments, Bibles, Writing Books, *Henry* on the Sacrament, and ſeveral other Books, red Leather for Chairs or Shoes, & falling Axes, Sieves, Hops, Fringes, and Kid Gloves.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by B. FRANKLIN, at the New-Printing-Office near the Market. *Price* 10*s.* a Year.

Where Advertiſements are taken in, and BOOK-BINDING is done reaſonably, in the beſt Manner.